IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

Plaintiff,
vs.
Sheila Young, individually, et al.,

Defendants.

United States of America,

No. CV10-8193 PCT DGC

STAY AND INJUNCTION

Pursuant to Defendants' motion, this case is stayed until 30 days following the resolution of the related criminal case, CR-10-8216 PCT DGC. The parties shall, within 20 days of the conclusion of the criminal case, file a status report concerning their intentions with respect to this civil action.

During the pendency of this stay, Defendants and their representatives, agents, servants, employees, and anyone in active concert or participation with them are enjoined, pursuant to I.R.C. §§ 7402, 7407, and 7408, from engaging in any of the following activities, either directly or indirectly:

- 1. Preparing or filing, or assisting in, or directing the preparation or filing of any federal tax return or amended return or other related documents or forms for any other person or entity;
- 2. Organizing or selling plans or arrangements that advise or assist taxpayers to attempt to evade the assessment or collection of such taxpayers' correct federal tax;
- 3. Engaging in any other activity subject to penalty under I.R.C. § 6700, including organizing or selling a plan or arrangement and making a statement regarding

- the excludability of income or securing of any other tax benefit by participating in the plan that they know or have reason to know is false or fraudulent as to any material matter;
- 4. Engaging in any activity subject to penalty under I.R.C. §§ 6694, 6695, or 6701:
- 5. Directly or indirectly organizing, promoting, marketing, or selling any plan or arrangement that advises or encourages taxpayers to attempt to violate internal revenue laws or unlawfully evade the assessment or collection of their federal tax liabilities, including promoting, selling, or assisting with respect to a scheme in which taxpayers overstate federal income tax withholding and misuse IRS Forms 1040 and 1099 or other IRS forms under claims that:
- i. Taxpayers have an account with the Treasury Department which they can use to pay their debts and tax liabilities or which they can draw on for refunds through a process that is often called "redemption" or "commercial redemption";
- ii. Taxpayers can name the U.S. Treasury Secretary as their fiduciary or can draw on the U.S. Treasury to pay their debt or tax liabilities using IRS Forms 1099, bonded promissory notes, sight drafts or other documents;
- iii. Taxpayers can issue IRS Forms 1099-OID to a creditor and report the amount on the form as federal income tax withheld on their behalf;
- iv. Taxpayers can issue other IRS forms that overstate income withholding or purport to appoint US government officials as their fiduciaries;
- v. Taxpayers can use the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) or other methods to "accept for value" a document dealing with a debt, and that stamping a document with "accept for value" or similar wording will somehow satisfy that debt, including tax debt;
- vi. Taxpayers may file false IRS Forms 4852 to reduce or eliminate income; and

1	vii. Taxpayers may report bogus itemized deductions under I.R.C. §§
2	165(g) and 1001, claiming they are entitled to such deductions because they received
3	worthless securities and, thus, never received money for income, or based on the theory
4	that labor is property.
5	6. Engaging in other conduct that substantially interferes with the proper
6	administration and enforcement of the internal revenue laws.
7	Dated this 11th day of May, 2011.
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9	Daniel G. Campbell
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11	David G. Campbell United States District Judge
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